### Traffic Calming

#### 72<sup>nd</sup> Street

- Commonwealth Ave. to Wolf Rd.

#### Chasemoor Drive

- Lincolnshire Dr. to 79th St.

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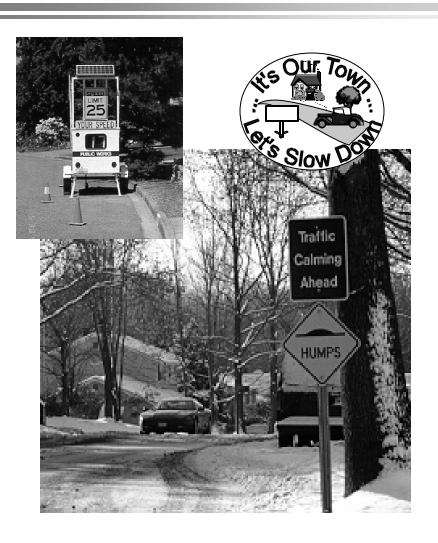
September 2003

### Traffic Calming

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Traffic Calming Measures
  - Volume Control
  - Speed Control
- 3. Traffic Calming Options
  - 72<sup>nd</sup> Street (Commonwealth Wolf)
  - Chasemoor Drive (Lincolnshire 79<sup>th</sup>)



### Introduction to Traffic Calming



#### Traffic Calming is one part of the 3 E's.

- •Engineering
  - Geometric Design
  - Traffic Calming
    - Volume Control / Speed Control
- •Education
- •Enforcement
  - Police

#### DEFINITION OF TRAFFIC CALMING

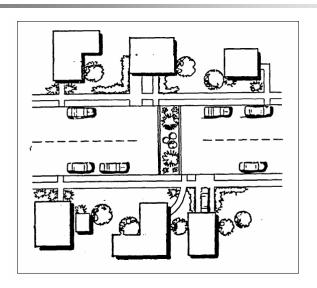
Traffic calming is defined as changes in street alignment, installation of barriers, and/or other physical measures to reduce traffic speeds and/or traffic volumes in the interest of street safety, livability, and other public purposes.

## Volume Control Options

<u>Option</u>	% of Volume Reduction
(1) Full closures	44%
(2) Partial closures	42%
(3) One Lane Chokers	20%
*(4) Diverters	35%
*(5) Median barriers	30% +/-

## Full Closures (cul-de-sacs, dead ends, gates)

% Volume Reduction 44%

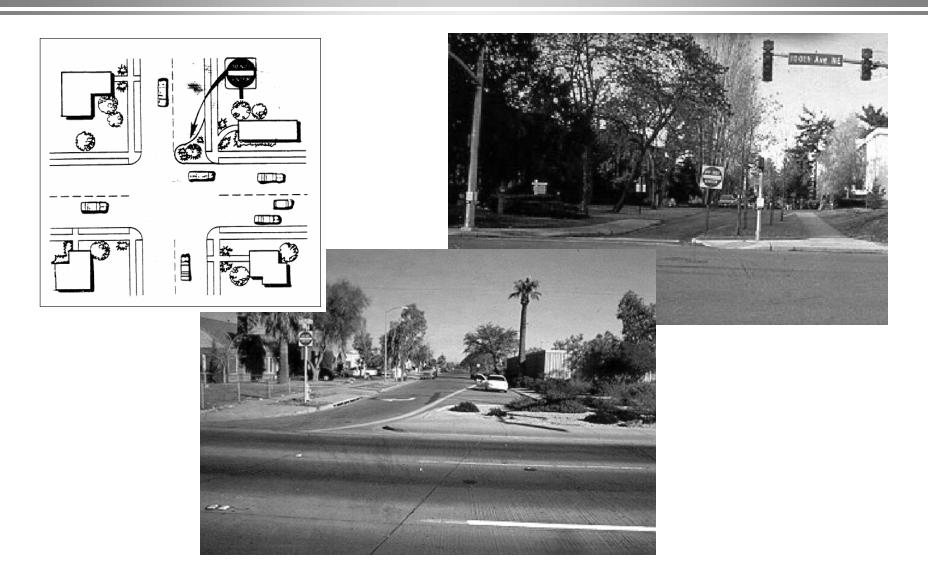






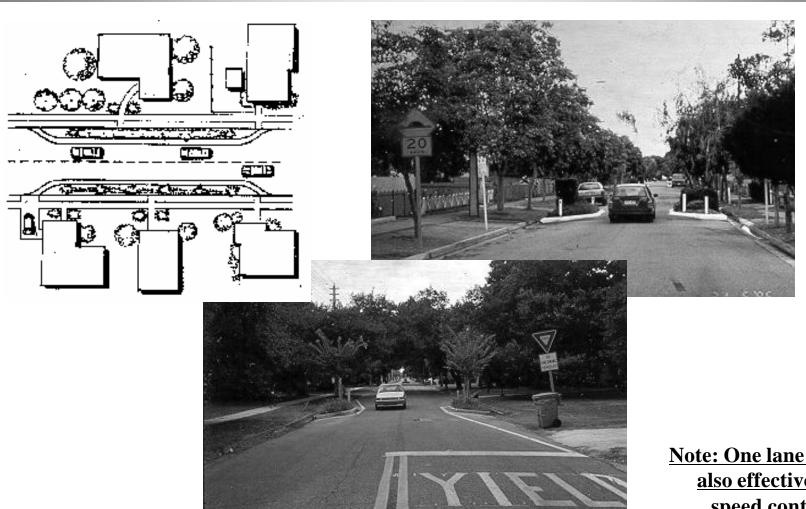
### Partial Closures (partial closures, one-way closures, directional closures)

% Volume Reduction 42%



### One Lane Chokers (pinch points, midblock narrowings or yield points, Reduction constrictions or one lane slow points)

% Volume 20%



**Note: One lane choker** also effective for speed control

### **Speed Control Options**

#### (1) Vertical

speed humps, speed tables, raised intersections, textured pavements

#### (2) Horizontal

traffic circles, roundabouts, chicanes, lateral shifts, realigned intersections

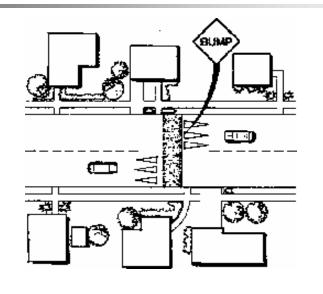
#### (3) Narrowing

center islands, chokers, neck downs, street narrowing

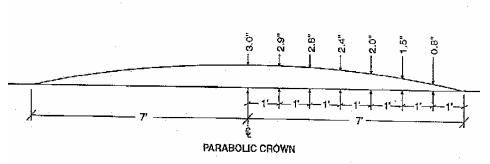
Vertical

## Speed Humps (undulations)

% Speed Reduction 23%







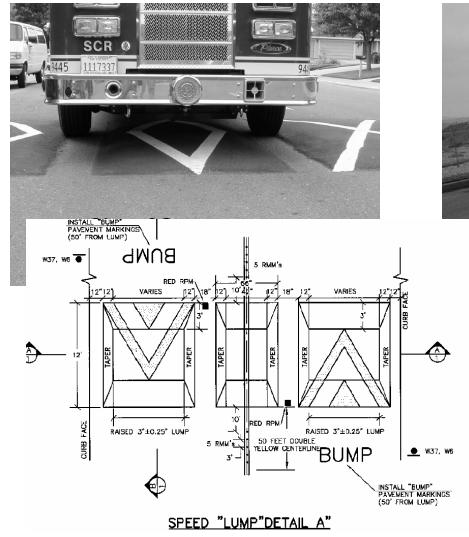


Vertical

## Modified Speed Humps (speed lump, speed pillow)

% Speed Reduction

23%

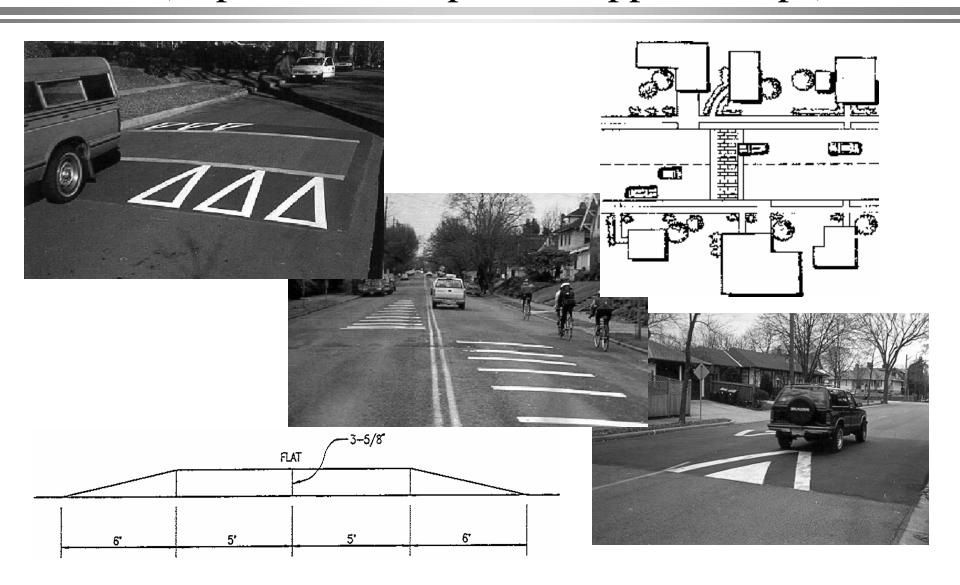






Vertical

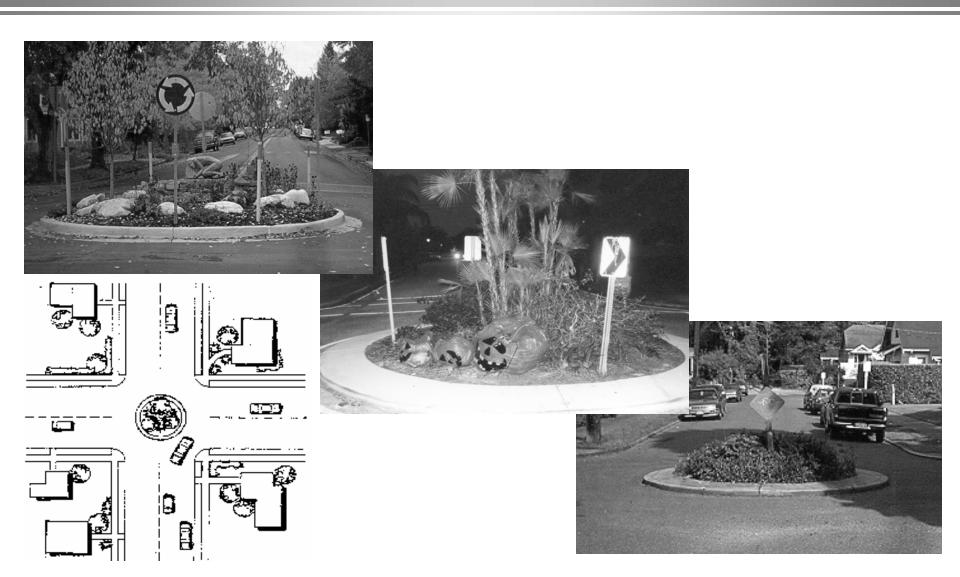
## Speed Tables (trapezoidal humps, flat topped humps) 18%



Horizontal

## Traffic Circles (rotaries, intersection islands)

% Speed Reduction 11%

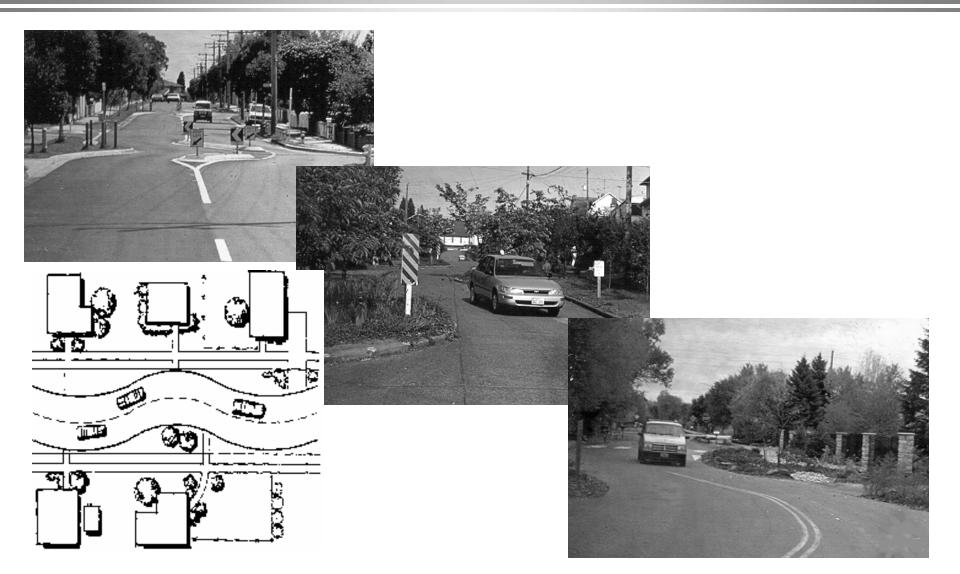


Horizontal

## Chicanes (deviations, reversing curves)

% Speed Reduction

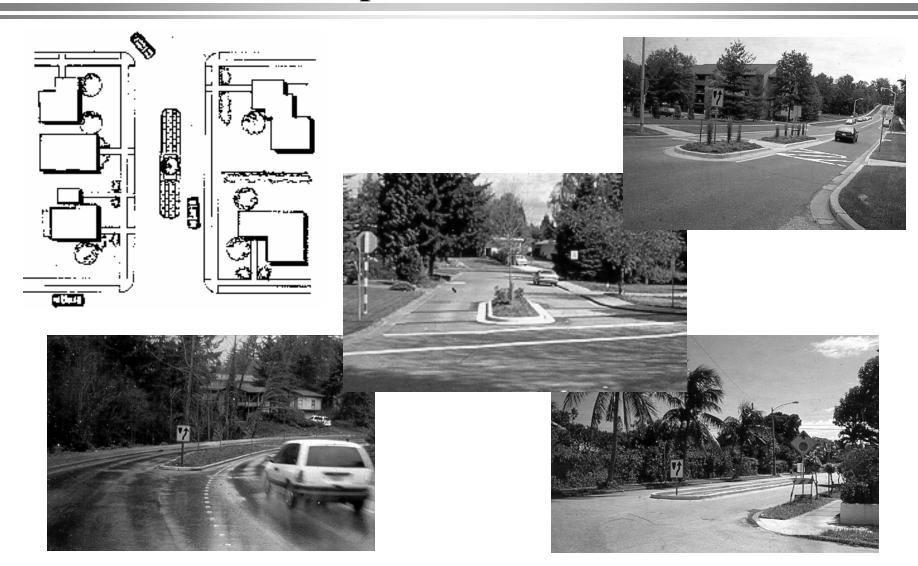
**4%**+?



Narrowing

# Center Island Narrowings (midblock medians, pedestrian refuge, median slowpoints, median chokers)

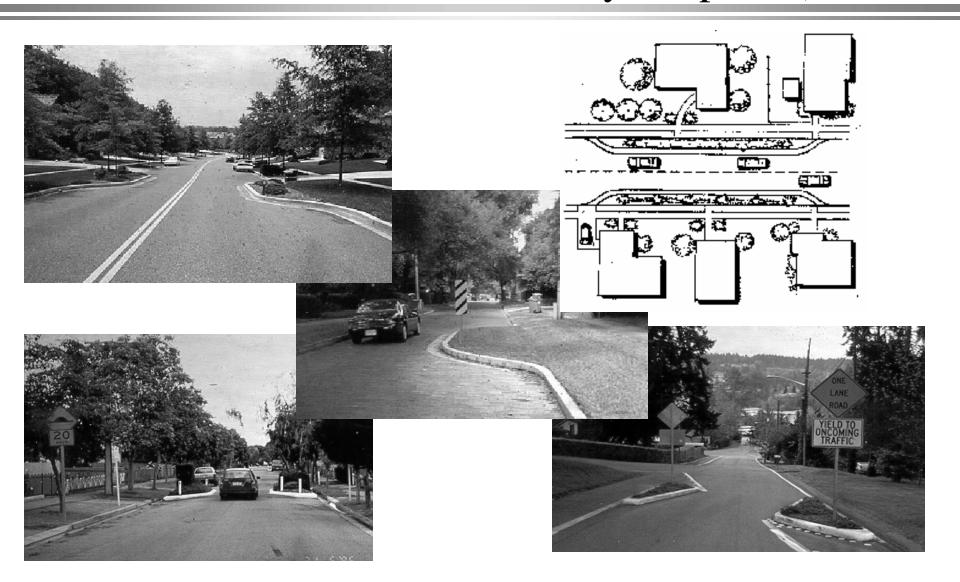
% Speed Reduction 4%



Narrowing

# Chokers (pinch points, midblock narrowings, curb extensions, midblock yield points)

% Speed Reduction 4-14%

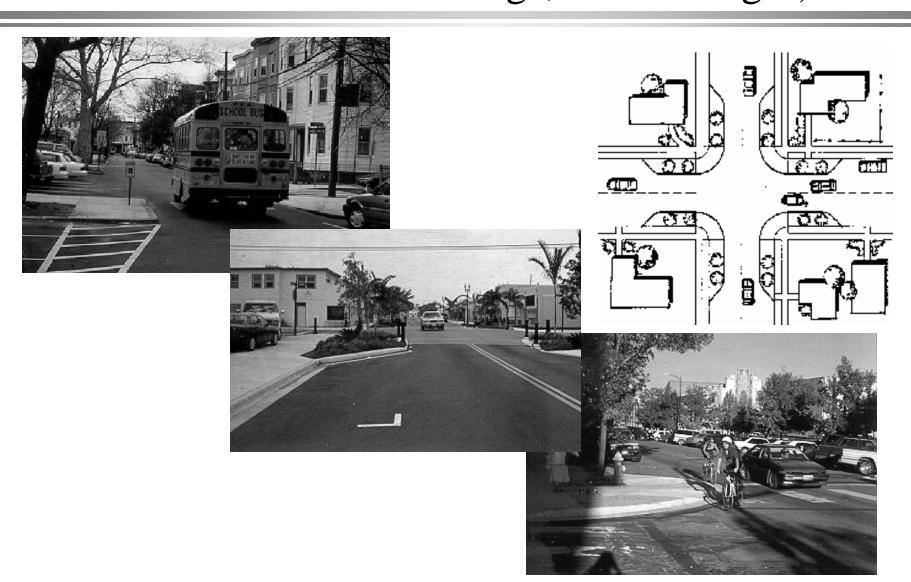


Narrowing

### Neckdowns (nubs, bulbouts, knuckles, intersection narrowings, corner bulges)

% Speed Reduction

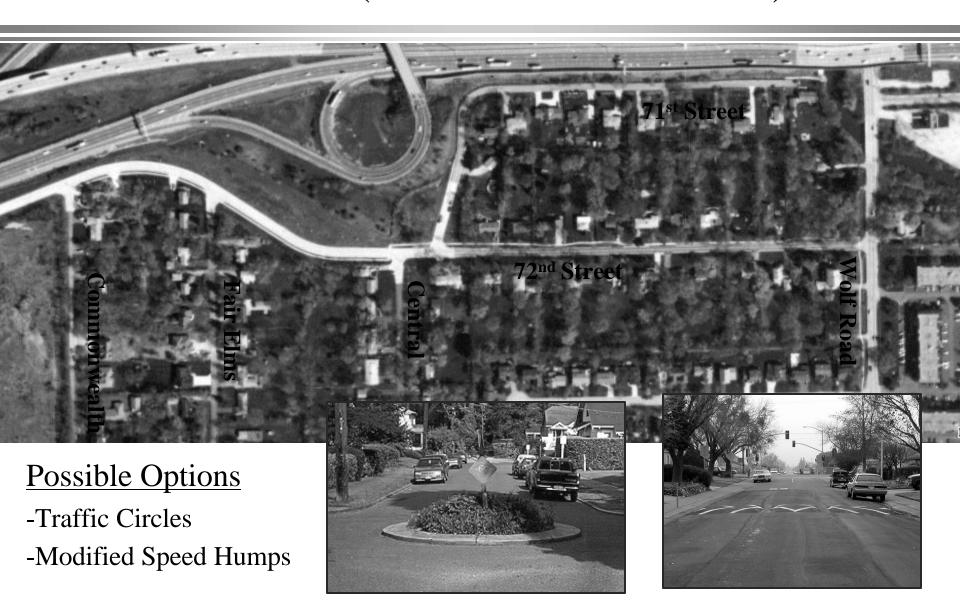
**4%** 

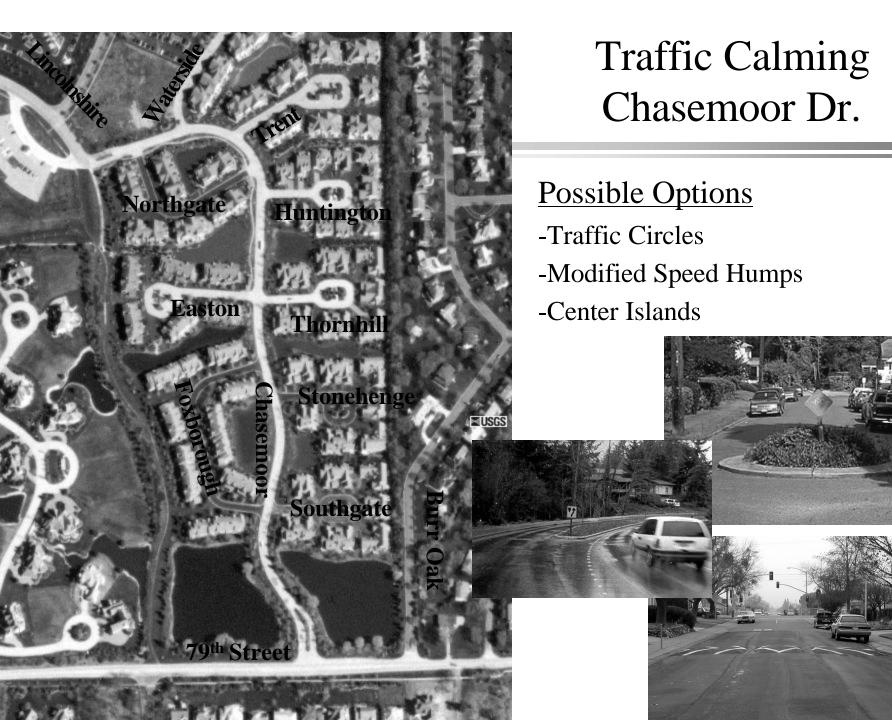


## Signage - Stop Signs

- -Stop signs assign right-of-way
- -Installation warranted when:
  - -High volumes require right-of-way assignment
  - -Non-removable visibility restrictions exist
  - -Past accident history identifies a problem where signage would be effective
- -Multiple studies show they are not effective for speed control
  - -Speed effective only within 200' of sign
  - -Unwarranted stop signs often increase number of accidents
  - -Become unenforceable when unwarranted

## Traffic Calming 72<sup>nd</sup> Street (Commonwealth – Wolf)





### Traffic Calming Resources

#### Websites

- 1. www.trafficcalming.org
  - Fehr & Peers Transportation Consultants Site
  - drawn from *Traffic Calming: State of the Practice*, by Reid Ewing
- 2. www.ite.org/traffic/
  - Institute of Transportation Engineers Site
- 3. www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/tcalm/
  - Federal Highway Administration Site